## Item Analysis to Improve Performance on the AP Calculus Exams

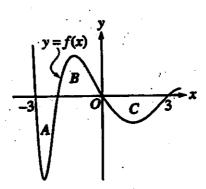
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27. Let f be the function defined by  $f(x) = x^3 + x$ . If  $g(x) = f^{-1}(x)$  and g(2) = 1, what is the value of g'(2)?

- (A)  $\frac{1}{13}$
- (B)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (C)  $\frac{7}{4}$  (D) 4
- (E) 13



77. The regions A, B, and C in the figure above are bounded by the graph of the function f and the x-axis. If the area of each region is 2, what is the value of  $\int_{-3}^{3} (f(x) + 1) dx$ ?

- (A) -2

- (D) 7
- (E) 12

- 1. A particle moves along the x-axis so that at any time t > 0, its acceleration is given by  $a(t) = \ln(1 + 2^t)$ . If the velocity of the particle is 2 at time t = 1, then the velocity of the particle at time t = 2 is
  - (A) 0.462
- (B) 1.609
- (C) 2.555
- (D) 2.886
- (E) 3.346

- 84. A pizza, heated to a temperature of 350 degrees Fahrenheit (°F), is taken out of an oven and placed in a 75°F room at time t = 0 minutes. The temperature of the pizza is changing at a rate of  $-110e^{-0.4t}$  degrees Fahrenheit per minute. To the nearest degree, what is the temperature of the pizza at time t = 5 minutes?
  - (A) 112°F
- (B) 119°F
- (D) 238°F
- (E) 335°F

$$23. \qquad \frac{d}{dx} \left( \int_0^{x^2} \sin(t^3) \, dt \right) =$$

- (A)  $-\cos(x^6)$  (B)  $\sin(x^3)$  (C)  $\sin(x^6)$  (D)  $2x\sin(x^3)$  (E)  $2x\sin(x^6)$

- 80. The function f is continuous for  $-2 \le x \le 1$  and differentiable for -2 < x < 1. If f(-2) = -5 and f(1) = 4, which of the following statements could be false?
  - (A) There exists c, where -2 < c < 1, such that f(c) = 0.
  - (B) There exists c, where -2 < c < 1, such that f'(c) = 0.
  - (C) There exists c, where -2 < c < 1, such that f(c) = 3.
  - (D) There exists c, where -2 < c < 1, such that f'(c) = 3.
  - (E) There exists c, where  $-2 \le c \le 1$ , such that  $f(c) \ge f(x)$  for all x on the closed interval  $-2 \le x \le 1$ .

- 28. Let g be a twice-differentiable function with g'(x) > 0 and g''(x) > 0 for all real numbers x, such that g(4) = 12 and g(5) = 18. Of the following, which is a possible value for g(6)?
  - (A) 15
- (B) 18
- (C) 21
- (D) 24
- (E) 27

90. For all x in the closed interval [2, 5], the function f has a positive first derivative and a negative second derivative. Which of the following could be a table of values for f?

|     |   | ·    |  |
|-----|---|------|--|
| (A) | x | f(x) |  |
|     | 2 | 7    |  |
|     | 3 | 9    |  |
|     | 4 | 12   |  |
|     | 5 | 16   |  |

(B)

| x | f(x) |
|---|------|
| 2 | 7    |
| 3 | 11   |
| 4 | 14   |
| 5 | 16   |

(C)

| ſ | × | f(x) |
|---|---|------|
| Ī | 2 | 16   |
| Ī | 3 | 12   |
| Ī | 4 | 9    |
| Ī | 5 | 7    |

(D)

| x | f(x) |
|---|------|
| 2 | 16   |
| 3 | 14   |
| 4 | 11   |
| 5 | 7    |

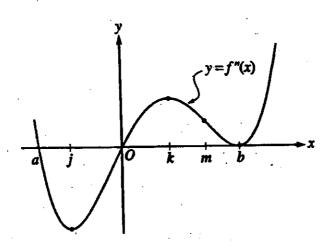
**(E)** 

| 1 | x | f(x) |
|---|---|------|
|   | 2 | 16   |
|   | 3 | 13   |
|   | 4 | 10   |
| 1 | 5 | 7    |

- 11. Using the substitution u = 2x + 1,  $\int_0^2 \sqrt{2x + 1} \, dx$  is equivalent to
  - (A)  $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-1/2}^{1/2} \sqrt{u} \ du$  (B)  $\frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{2} \sqrt{u} \ du$  (C)  $\frac{1}{2} \int_{1}^{5} \sqrt{u} \ du$  (D)  $\int_{0}^{2} \sqrt{u} \ du$  (E)  $\int_{1}^{5} \sqrt{u} \ du$

- 86. The base of a solid is the region in the first quadrant bounded by the y-axis, the graph of  $y = \tan^{-1} x$ , the horizontal line y = 3, and the vertical line x = 1. For this solid, each cross section perpendicular to the x-axis is ing transport on any other garage left but the first a square. What is the volume of the solid?
  - (A) 2.561
- (B) 6.612
- (C) 8.046
- (D) 8,755
- (E) 20.773

- 19. A curve has slope 2x + 3 at each point (x, y) on the curve. Which of the following is an equation for this curve if it passes through the point (1, 2)?
  - (A) y = 5x 3
  - (B)  $y = x^2 + 1$
  - $(C) y = x^2 + 3x$
  - (D)  $y = x^2 + 3x 2$
  - (E)  $y = 2x^2 + 3x 3$



- 21. The second derivative of the function f is given by  $f''(x) = x(x-a)(x-b)^2$ . The graph of f'' is shown above. For what values of x does the graph of f have a point of inflection?
  - (A) 0 and a only
- (B) 0 and m only
- (C) b and j only
- (D) 0, a, and b
- (E) b, j, and k
- 82. The rate of change of the altitude of a hot-air balloon is given by  $r(t) = t^3 4t^2 + 6$  for  $0 \le t \le 8$ . Which of the following expressions gives the change in altitude of the balloon during the time the altitude is decreasing?

(A) 
$$\int_{1.572}^{3.514} r(t) dt$$

(B) 
$$\int_0^8 r(t) dt$$

(C) 
$$\int_0^{2.667} r(t) dt$$

(D) 
$$\int_{1.572}^{3.514} r'(t) dt$$

(E) 
$$\int_0^{2.667} r'(t) dt$$

89. Let f be a differentiable function with f(2) = 3 and f'(2) = -5, and let g be the function defined by g(x) = x f(x). Which of the following is an equation of the line tangent to the graph of g at the point where x = 2?

$$(A) y = 3x$$

(B) 
$$y-3=-5(x-2)$$

(C) 
$$y-6=-5(x-2)$$

(D) 
$$y - 6 = -7(x - 2)$$

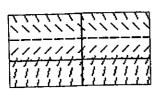
(E) 
$$y - 6 = -10(x - 2)$$

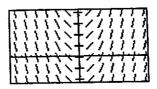
## What can we do with differential equations and slopefields?

- 1. We can draw a slopefield. 98BC4a, 2000BC6a, 04AB6a, 04AB(formB)5a, 05AB6a
- 2. We can sketch a solution that passes through a given point on a slopefield. 02BC5a, 05BC4a
  - 3. We can match a slopefield to its differential equation. Multiple choice Check out Nancy Stephenson's slopefield matching game at <a href="https://www.houstonact.org">www.houstonact.org</a>
- 4. We can match a slopefield to its solution. Multiple choice
- 5. We can model a physical situation with a differential equation. 92AB6, 93AB6, 97AB6
- 6. We can solve a differential equation and find a particular solution using an initial condition. 98AB4, 98BC4c, 2000AB6, 2000BC6c, 01BC5c, 04AB6c, 04AB(formB)5c, 05AB6
- 7. We can determine features of the solution to a differential equation based on its slopefield and/or its solution. 2000BC6b and d, 02BC5d, 04AB6b, 04AB(formB)5b, 05BC4

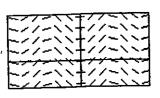
Match the slope fields with their differential equations.

(A)

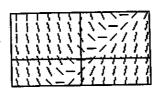




(C)



(D)



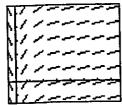
1. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin x$$

1. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin x$$
 2.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x - y$  3.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 - y$  4.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x$ 

3. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 - y$$

$$4. \ \frac{dy}{dx} = x$$

. 5. (From the AP Calculus Course Description)



The slope field from a certain differential equation is shown above. Which of the following could be a specific solution to that differential equation?

(A) 
$$y = x^2$$

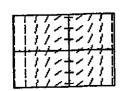
(B) 
$$y = e^x$$

(C) 
$$y = e^{-x}$$

(D) 
$$y = \cos x$$

(E) 
$$y = \ln x$$

6.



The slope field for a certain differential equation is shown above. Which of the following could be a specific solution to that differential equation?

(A) 
$$y = \sin x$$

(B) 
$$v = \cos x$$

(C) 
$$y = x^2$$

(B) 
$$y = \cos x$$
 (C)  $y = x^2$  (D)  $y = \frac{1}{6}x^3$  (E)  $y = \ln x$ 

(E) 
$$y = \ln x$$