Using nInt to construct a Function with a given Derivative and Value

Part 1 -Solve the following differential equations with an initial value.

1.
$$f'(x) = 5x$$
 and $f(2) = 3$

2.
$$g'(x) = e^x$$
 and $g(1) = 4$

3.
$$h'(x) = 2x^3$$
 and $h(3) = 1$

4.
$$j'(x) = \cos(x)$$
 and $j(4) = 5$

Note: We know that if F is any antiderivative of f then

$$F(x) = \int_{a}^{x} f(t)dt + C$$
So
$$F(a) = \int_{a}^{a} f(t)dt + F(a)$$

Use this fact to construct functions f, g h and j with a definite integral.

Part 2 - Fill in the following chart

Answer from Part 1	Use definite integral
f(x) =	f(x) =
·	
g(x) =	g(x) =
h(x)	h(x)
j (x)	j(x)

Part 3

Graph
$$y_1 = f(x)$$
 and $y_2 = nInt \int f'(t)dt + f(2)$. (Note – resolution info)

Compare graphs and table values

Graph all the functions g, h and j

Part 4

Use a definite integral to construct the following functions f and function values.

1. a.
$$f'(x) = \sec^2 x$$
 and $f(\pi) = 5$.

b. Find
$$f(0)$$
, $f(1)$, and $f(4)$

2. a.
$$f'(x) = 2^x$$
 and $f(3) = 10$

http://mathbykoehler.com/lab163-assignments.htm

Newer TI-89 Titanium Editions (those with operating system OS3.10 and higher) have an option called "Discontinuity Detection". By default, this option is ON on these newer TI-89s. This option deactivates xres, and can also affect the "LINE" and "DOT" modes of graphing. Here are the steps to turn this setting "OFF":

- 1. Go to the y= screen
- 2. Press F1: Tools
- 3. Scroll down to option 9: FORMAT. Press <ENTER> This option is initially off the bottom of the screen.
- 4. On the GRAPH FORMAT SCREEN, scroll down to the "ON" following the "Discontinuity Detection" option.
- 5. Press the right arrow cursor key, and highlight "OFF".
- 6. Press <<ENTER>> twice.

Owners of Older TI-89s without this option do not have to go through this process

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